

**NEW YORK CITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION  
ANNUAL INVESTMENT REPORT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021**

**Investment Guidelines and Amendments**

Attached hereto as Schedule 1 is the current investment policies, procedures and guidelines (the “Investment Guidelines”) of New York City Economic Development Corporation (“NYCEDC”). In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Board did not approve any changes to the Investment Guidelines previously adopted.

**Summary of Investment Guidelines**

The portfolio is managed to accomplish the following objectives:

- A. Preservation of Principal – The single most important objective of NYCEDC’s investment program is the preservation of principal of funds within the portfolio.
- B. Maintenance of Liquidity – The portfolio shall be managed in such a manner that assures that funds are available as needed to meet immediate and/or future operating requirements of NYCEDC.
- C. Maximize Return – The portfolio shall be managed in such a fashion as to maximize income through the purchase of authorized investments, taking into account the other investment objectives.

The portfolio is structured to diversify investments to reduce risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific type of security. The types of investments permitted are based on those permitted for the investment of City funds.

**Independent Audit Report**

Attached hereto as Schedule 2 is the annual audit report on investments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 by Ernst & Young LLP.

**Investment Income Record**

Investment income from interest earned on bank accounts, certificates of deposit and securities was approximately \$0.2 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

**Fees, Commissions and Other Charges**

NYCEDC did not pay any fees, commissions or other charges to an investment banker, broker, agent, dealer or advisor during the fiscal year.

## SCHEDULE 1

### NEW YORK CITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION INVESTMENT GUIDELINES

#### I. Purpose

The purpose of this document is to establish policies, procedures and guidelines regarding the investing, monitoring and reporting of funds of the Corporation.

#### II. Scope of the Investment Policy

This policy applies to the funds of the Corporation, which for purposes of these guidelines consist of all moneys and other financial resources available for investment by the Corporation on its own behalf or on behalf of any other entity or individual.

#### III. Investment Objectives

The portfolio shall be managed to accomplish the following objectives:

- A. Preservation of Principal – The single most important objective of the Corporation's investment program is the preservation of principal of funds within the portfolio.
- B. Maintenance of Liquidity – The portfolio shall be managed in such a manner that assures that funds are available as needed to meet immediate and/or future operating requirements of the Corporation.
- C. Maximize Return – The portfolio shall be managed in such a fashion as to maximize income through the purchase of authorized investments as stated below, taking into account the other investment objectives.

#### IV. Implementation of Guidelines

The Chief Financial Officer shall be responsible for the prudent investment of funds and for the implementation of the investment program and the establishment of investment procedures and a system of controls to regulate the activities of subordinate staff, consistent with these guidelines.

#### V. Authorized Investments

- A. The Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer of the Corporation is authorized to invest funds of the Corporation as summarized and restricted below:
  - 1. U.S. Treasury Obligations. United States Treasury bills and notes, and any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States.

2. Federal Agency Obligations. Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or securities issued by any agency or instrumentality of the United States.
  3. Repurchase Agreements. The repurchase agreements must be collateralized by U.S. Government guaranteed securities, U.S. Government agency securities, or commercial paper (of a type defined below) in a range of 100% to 102% of the matured value of the repurchase agreements and have a term to maturity of no greater than ninety (90) days. They must be physically delivered for retention to the Corporation or its agent (which shall not be an agent of the party with whom the Corporation enters into such repurchase agreement), unless such obligations are issued in book-entry form, in which case the Corporation shall take such other action as may be necessary to obtain title to or a perfected security interest in such obligations.
  4. Commercial Paper. Commercial paper rated A1 or P1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or Moody's Investor's Service, Inc. or Fitch.
  5. Bankers' Acceptances and Time Deposits of banks with worldwide assets in excess of \$50 million that are rated with the highest categories of the leading bank rating services and regional banks also rated within the highest categories.
  6. Certificates of Deposit with New York banks, including minority-owned banks. All such certificates of deposit in these banks must be Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured, except when otherwise collateralized.
  7. Other investments approved by the Comptroller of New York City for the investment of City funds.
- B. In addition to the above investments, the Corporation may deposit funds in the following ("Deposit Accounts"), with respect to funds needed for operational expenses and funds awaiting investment or disbursement:
1. High quality no-load money market mutual funds that restrict their investments to short term, highly rated money market instruments.
  2. Other interest bearing accounts, if permitted by applicable laws, rules and regulations, with New York City financial institutions designated by the New York City Banking Commission or such other financial institutions approved by the Deputy Mayor for Economic Development or his successor in function.

## VI. Written Contracts

The Corporation shall enter into written contracts pursuant to which investments are made which conform with the requirements of these guidelines and Section 2925.3(c) of the Public Authorities Law unless the Board or Executive Committee determines by resolution that a written contract containing such provisions is not practical or that there is not a regular business practice of written contracts containing such provisions with respect to a specific investment or transaction, in which case the Board or Executive Committee shall adopt procedures covering such investment or transaction.

## VII. Diversification

The portfolio shall be structured to diversify investments to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or a specific type of security. The maximum percentage of the total portfolio permitted in the indicated type of eligible security is as follows:

A.	U.S. Treasury	100% maximum
B.	Federal Agency	100% maximum
C.	Repurchase Agreements	5% maximum
D.	Commercial Paper	25% maximum
E.	Bankers Acceptances and Time Deposits	25% maximum
F.	Certificates of Deposit	20% maximum
G.	Other Investments Approved by Comptroller for City Funds	A percentage deemed prudent by CFO

## VIII. Maximum Maturity

Maintenance of adequate liquidity to meet the cash flow needs of the Corporation is essential. Accordingly, the portfolio will be structured in a manner that ensures sufficient cash is available to meet anticipated liquidity needs. Selection of investment maturities must be consistent with cash requirements in order to avoid the forced sale of securities prior to maturity.

For purposes of this investment policy, assets of the portfolio shall be segregated into two categories based on expected liquidity needs and purposes – Cash equivalents and Investments. Assets categorized as Cash equivalents will be invested in permitted investments maturing in ninety (90) days or less or deposited in Deposit Accounts. Generally, assets categorized as Investments will be invested in permitted investments with a stated maturity of no more than two (2) years from the date of purchase. However, up to twenty percent (20%) of assets categorized as Investments may be invested in permitted investments with a stated maturity of no more than seven (7) years from the date of purchase.

#### **IX. Monitoring and Adjusting the Portfolio**

Those responsible for the day-to-day management of the portfolio will routinely monitor the contents of the portfolio, the available markets and the relative values of competing instruments, and will adjust the portfolio as necessary to meet the investment objectives listed above. It is recognized and understood that the non-speculative active management of portfolio holdings may cause a loss on the sale of an owned investment.

#### **X. Internal Controls**

The Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, under the direction of the Chief Financial Officer, shall establish and be responsible for monitoring a system of internal controls governing the administration and management of the portfolio. Such controls shall be designed to prevent and control losses of the portfolio funds arising from fraud, employee error, misrepresentation by third parties, unanticipated changes in financial markets, or imprudent actions by any personnel.

#### **XI. Eligible Brokers, Agents, Dealers, Investment Advisors, Investment Bankers and Custodians**

The following are the standards for the qualifications of brokers, agents, dealers, investment advisors, investment bankers and custodians:

##### **A. Brokers, Agents, Dealers**

1. In Government Securities: any bank or trust company organized or licensed under the laws of any state of the United States of America or of the United States of America or any national banking association or any registered broker/dealer or government securities dealer.
2. In Municipal Securities: any broker, dealer or municipal securities dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

##### **B. Investment Advisors: any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association,**

and any firm or person which is registered with the SEC under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940.

- C. Investment Bankers: firms retained by the Corporation to serve as senior managing underwriters for negotiated sales must be registered with the SEC.
- D. Custodians: any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association with capital and surplus of not less than \$50,000,000.

## XII. Reporting

### A. Quarterly

The Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, under the direction of the Chief Financial Officer, shall prepare and deliver to the Board of Directors once for each quarter of the Corporation's fiscal year a report setting forth a summary of new investments made during that quarter, the inventory of existing investments and the selection of investment bankers, brokers, agents, dealers, investment advisors and auditors.

### B. Annually

1. Audit – the Corporation's independent accountants shall conduct an annual audit of the Corporation's investments for each fiscal year of the Corporation, the results of which shall be made available to the Board of Directors at the time of its annual review and approval of these Guidelines.
2. Investment Report – Annually, the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer, under the direction of the Chief Financial Officer, shall prepare and the Board of Directors shall review and approve an Investment Report, which shall include:
  - a. The Investment Guidelines and amendments thereto since the last report;
  - b. An explanation of the Guidelines and any amendments made since the last report;
  - c. The independent audit report required by Subsection (1) above;
  - d. The investment income record of the Corporation for the fiscal year; and
  - e. A list of fees, commissions or other charges paid to each investment banker, broker, agent, dealer and advisor rendering investment associated services to the Corporation since the last report.

The Investment Report shall be submitted to the Mayor and the Comptroller of the City of New York and to the New York State Department of Audit and Control. Copies of the report shall also be made available to the public upon reasonable request.

### **XIII. Applicability**

Nothing contained in these Guidelines shall be deemed to alter, affect the validity of, modify the terms of or impair any contract, agreement or investments of funds made or entered into in violation of, or without compliance with, the provisions of these Guidelines.

### **XIV. Conflict of Law**

In the event that any portion of this policy is in conflict with any State, City or federal law, that law will prevail.

### **XV. No Conflict With Other Policies of the Corporation**

These Investment Guidelines do not modify the powers given by the Corporation's Board of Directors which authorized and resolved that (i) officers of the Corporation are authorized and directed to obtain and maintain any bank, investment, securities and other financial accounts as may be necessary or useful to the Corporation in furtherance of the Corporation's operations (the "Accounts"); (ii) the Treasurer and Assistant Treasurer are authorized and directed to engage in trading or otherwise deal in securities and other investments on behalf of the Corporation and to the extent authorized pursuant to these Guidelines; (iii) the officers of the Corporation are authorized and directed to perform those tasks necessary or useful to ensure that the Corporation, acting through those authorized officers listed in the Bylaws of the Corporation, has access to and control over the Accounts; (iv) the Directors adopted the standard forms of banking resolutions and incumbency certificates ordinarily used by such financial institutions selected by the officers of the Corporation; and (v) any officer of the Corporation was authorized to certify, to the due adoption of such banking resolutions and incumbency certificates. Empowered officers may enter into agreements with banks and financial institutions for bank accounts and to purchase investments of the type indicated in these Investment Guidelines and other investments specifically approved by the Corporation's Board of Directors.

These Investment Guidelines do not modify any restriction, if any, otherwise imposed on various types of funds held by the Corporation, such as any restrictions set forth in any third party contracts with the City, or resulting from the source of funds (e.g. federal funds). Those other restrictions, to the extent inconsistent with these Investment Guidelines, shall govern. If possible, all sets of restrictions should be complied with. Furthermore, by adopting these Investment Guidelines, the Board is not amending or superseding any approval given or hereafter given for investments related to particular projects.

## Schedule 2

**New York City Economic Development Corporation**  
(a component unit of the City of New York)

**Schedule of Investments**

**Year Ended June 30, 2021**  
**With Reports of Independent Auditors**



New York City Economic Development Corporation  
(A Component Unit of the City of New York)

Schedule of Investments

Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Contents**

Report of Independent Auditors.....	1
Schedule of Investments .....	3
Notes to Schedule of Investments.....	4
Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Schedule of Investments Performed in Accordance With <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> .....	8



## Report of Independent Auditors

The Management and the Board of Directors  
New York City Economic Development Corporation

### **Report on the Schedule of Investments**

We have audited the accompanying Schedule of Investments for the New York City Economic Development Corporation (NYCEDC), a component unit of The City of New York, as of June 30, 2021, and the related notes.

#### ***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Schedule***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the Schedule of Investments in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the Schedule of Investments that is free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### ***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Schedule of Investments based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Schedule of Investments is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Schedule of Investments. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Schedule of Investments, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the Schedule of Investments in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Schedule of Investments.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### ***Opinion***

In our opinion, the Schedule of Investments referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the investments of NYCEDC as of June 30, 2021, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

### ***Report on the Financial Statements as of June 30, 2021***

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of NYCEDC as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and our report thereon, dated September 30, 2021, expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements.

### ***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we also have issued our report dated September 30, 2021, on our consideration of NYCEDC's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters with respect to the Schedule of Investments. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of NYCEDC's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering NYCEDC's internal control over financial reporting and compliance with respect to the Schedule of Investments.

*Ernst + Young LLP*

September 30, 2021

New York City Economic Development Corporation  
(A Component Unit of the City of New York)

Schedule of Investments  
*(In Thousands of Dollars)*

	<b><u>June 30, 2021</u></b>
Operating	\$ 86,902
Restricted	<u>158,420</u>
Total investments	<u><u>\$ 245,322</u></u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.*

New York City Economic Development Corporation  
(A Component Unit of the City of New York)

Notes to Schedule of Investments

June 30, 2021

**1. Background and Organization**

NYCEDC is a not-for-profit corporation organized under the New York State Not-for-Profit Corporation Law (the NPCL) that generates income that is exempt from federal taxation under section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). NYCEDC's primary activities consist of rendering a variety of services to administer certain economic development programs on behalf of the City of New York (the City) relating to the attraction, retention and expansion of commerce and industry in the City. These services and programs include encouragement of construction, acquisition, rehabilitation and improvement of commercial and industrial enterprises within the City, and the provision of financial assistance to qualifying business enterprises as a means of helping to create and retain employment therein. These services are generally provided under two annual contracts with the City: the amended and restated contract (Master Contract) and the Maritime Contract. The services provided under these contracts and other related agreements with the City are herein referred to as the Contract Services.

In order to provide these services, NYCEDC primarily generates revenues from property rentals and real estate sales. To present the restricted assets of NYCEDC's rental portfolio in a manner consistent with the limitations and restrictions placed upon the use of resources and NYCEDC's contractual agreements with the City and other third parties, NYCEDC classifies its asset management operations into the following five portfolios:

*Commercial Leases Portfolio:* NYCEDC manages property leases between the City and various commercial and industrial tenants. For ground leases, these agreements include restrictions on the use of the land to the construction or development of commercial, manufacturing, industrial or residential facilities. The leases also generally provide for base rent payments plus provisions for additional rent.

*Brooklyn Army Terminal Portfolio:* The Brooklyn Army Terminal (BAT) is an industrial property owned by the City that is leased to NYCEDC. Under the terms of the BAT lease, a reserve account of \$500,000 was established from net BAT revenues for property operating and capital expenses.

*Maritime Portfolio:* This portfolio was established to account for NYCEDC's management and maintenance of wharf, waterfront, public market, public aviation, and intermodal transportation properties and the NYC Ferry system on the City's behalf pursuant to the Maritime Contract.

New York City Economic Development Corporation  
(A Component Unit of the City of New York)

Notes to Schedule of Investments (continued)

**1. Background and Organization (continued)**

*Other Properties Portfolio:* This portfolio was established to account for the activities of certain City-owned properties and other assets for which NYCEDC assumed management responsibilities. Pursuant to various agreements between NYCEDC and the City, the net revenue from three of the properties is retained for property operating and capital expenses or for expenses of projects in the area.

*42<sup>nd</sup> Street Development Project Portfolio:* This portfolio was established as a joint effort between the City and the State to redevelop the 42<sup>nd</sup> Street district into a vibrant office and cultural center. Ownership of all the properties was transferred from the State to the City by October 31, 2012. NYCEDC then assumed management and administrative responsibilities for all leases in connection with the 42<sup>nd</sup> Street Development Project.

**2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

**Investments**

Investments held by NYCEDC are recorded at fair value.

**3. Investments**

NYCEDC's investment policy permits the Corporation to invest in obligations of the United States of America, where the payment of principal and interest is guaranteed, or in obligations issued by an agency or instrumentality of the United States of America. Other permitted investments include short-term commercial paper, certificates of deposit and bankers' acceptances.

New York City Economic Development Corporation  
(A Component Unit of the City of New York)

Notes to Schedule of Investments (continued)

**3. Investments (continued)**

As of June 30, 2021, the Corporation had the following investments.

	<b>Investment Maturities at June 30, 2021 (In Years)</b>			
	<b>Fair Value</b>	<b>Less Than 1</b>	<b>1 to 2</b>	<b>Greater than 2</b>
Money market mutual funds	\$ 113,477	\$ 113,477	\$ –	\$ –
Money market deposit account	5,250	5,250	–	–
FHLB notes	40,005	10,004	–	30,001
FHLMC notes	1,023	1,023	–	–
Commercial paper	19,490	19,490	–	–
FFCB notes	58,647	–	37,958	20,689
U.S. Treasuries	7,229	7,229	–	–
Certificates of deposit	201	201	–	–
	\$ 245,322	\$ 156,674	\$ 37,958	\$ 50,690

*Fair Value Measurements* – Fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into these levels: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Money market funds, categorized as Level 1, are valued at the unadjusted prices quoted in active principal markets for identical assets. U.S. Treasury and Agency securities and commercial paper, categorized as Level 2, are valued based on models using observable inputs. Certificates of deposit are valued at cost.

*Interest Rate Risk* – As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, the Corporation limits 80% of its investments to instruments maturing within two years of the date of purchase. The remaining 20% of the portfolio may be invested in instruments with maturities up to a maximum of seven years.

New York City Economic Development Corporation  
(A Component Unit of the City of New York)

Notes to Schedule of Investments (continued)

**3. Investments (continued)**

*Credit Risk* – It is the Corporation’s policy to limit its investments in debt securities to those rated in the highest rating category by at least two nationally recognized bond rating agencies or other securities guaranteed by the U.S. government or issued by its agencies. As of June 30, 2021, the Corporation’s investments in Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC), Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), and U.S. Treasuries were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor’s, Aaa by Moody’s and AAA by Fitch Ratings. Commercial papers held were rated A-1 by Standard & Poor’s Corporation or P-1 by Moody’s Investor’s Service, Inc.

*Custodial Credit Risk* – For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Corporation will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are not registered in the name of the Corporation and are held by the counterparty, the counterparty’s trust department or agent.

The Corporation manages custodial credit risk by limiting possession of its investments to highly rated institutions and/or requiring that high-quality collateral be held by the counterparty in the name of the Corporation. At June 30, 2021, the Corporation was not subject to custodial credit risk.

*Concentration of Credit Risk* – The Corporation places no limit on the amount the Corporation may invest in any United States of America government backed securities. The following table shows investments that represent 5% or more of total investments as of June 30, 2021 (dollars in thousands).

<b>Issuer</b>	<b>Dollar Amount and Percentage of Total Investments</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2021</b>	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$ 58,647	23.9%
Federal Home Loan Bank	40,005	16.3



## Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Schedule of Investments Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Management and the Board of Directors  
New York City Economic Development Corporation

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the Schedule of Investments of the New York City Economic Development Corporation (NYCEDC), a component unit of The City of New York, as of June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the Schedule of Investments, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2021.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the Schedule of Investments, we considered NYCEDC's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the Schedule of Investments, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of NYCEDC's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of NYCEDC's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's Schedule of Investments will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether NYCEDC’s Schedule of Investments is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and investment policies established by NYCEDC and the New York State Comptroller investment guideline requirements as presented in Section 201.3(c) of the *Accounting, Reporting and Supervision Requirements for Public Authorities*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the Schedule of Investments. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity’s internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity’s internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

*Ernst + Young LLP*

September 30, 2021